Equality Analysis Form

An Equality analysis enables us to target our services, and our budgets, more effectively and understand how they affect all our communities. It also helps us comply with the Equalities Act 2010.

For more information about when you should carry out an equality analysis, who should do this and the support available, go to the equality analysis intranet page.

This form has four sections

- 1: decide whether a full equality analysis is needed. If not, you do not complete sections 2-4.
- 2: gathering evidence
- 3: determining actions
- 4: decision and next steps



Name of document			Cabinet Report 15 July 2013: Educational Provision for Pupils with Challenging Behaviour				
Date		Date					
		of					
	Date	next					
Version	reviewed	review	Reviewed by	Changes made			

1. Decide whether a full equality analysis is needed 1.1 What are you analysing? Question **Answer Answer** Proposal to reconfigure specialist learning What is the name of your change or Proposal to consult on strengthening provision for pupils with challenging governance arrangements for Victoria review? House PRU by separating it from the PRU behaviour federation and changing the accountability to the governing body of Beckmead school Why are you doing this? To offer a strategically managed Build new learning pathways that meet the needs of both the ASD with challenging continuum of provision that addresses the behaviour and BESD cohorts from key increasing need for quality provision for stage 1 through to post 16, increasing children with challenging behaviour. capacity to place pupils appropriately and enabling the Local Authority to meet the new statutory requirement to raise the participation age; Develop new high quality vocational

	provision at Key Stage 4 and 5 to meet the needs of the BESD cohort and other pupils with challenging behaviour while focusing new provision for pupils with ASD / Challenging Behaviour on the Beckmead school site.	
What is likely to be different when you have finished?	New vocational provision for young people with challenging behaviour will be in place	Victoria House will be accountable to the Beckmead governming body instead of to the Safron Valley PRU federation management committee
What will be the main outcomes or benefits from making this change?	Children and young people with challenging behaviour will have access to appropriate learning pathways through to age 19 with a wider range of opportunities	As part of the Beckmead family, Victoria House PRU will draw on expert guidance and support and economies' of scale in staffing to reduce their unit cost in line with other PRUs.
What stage is your change at now?	Recommendation to Cabinet commence consultation in September 2013 on expansion to Beckmead to incorporate new provision	Recommendation to Cabinet to commence consultation in September 2013 on expansion to Beckmead to incorporate Victoria House PRU

An equality analysis must be completed before any decisions are made.

If you are not at the beginning stage of your decision making process, you must inform your Director that you have not yet completed an equality analysis.

1.2 Who could be affected and how?

Question	Guidance	Answer

Who are your internal stakeholders?	Members, staff at Beckmead, governors at Beckmead,	Members, staff at Victoria House and Beckmead, governors at Beckmead, members of Saffron Valley PRU federation management committee
Who are your external stakeholders?	Parents of pupils with challenging behaviour, parents of pupils at Beckmead, parent representative organisations	Parents of pupils with challenging behaviour, parents of pupils at Victoria House and Beckmead, parent representative organisations
Does your proposed change relate to a service area where there are known or potential equalities issues?	Yes, children and young people with SEN	Yes, children and young people excluded or at risk of exclusion from school
Does your proposed change relate to a service area where there are already local or national equality indicators?	Yes, specialist education provision for those who need it	Yes, specialist education provision for those who need it
Would your proposed change affect any protected groups more significantly than non-protected groups?	Yes, children and young people with learning difficulties or disabilities	Yes, children and young people with learning difficulties or disabilities
Would your proposed change help or hinder the council in eliminating unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation in relation to any of the protected groups?	Yes, by strengthening specialist educational provision	Yes, by strengthening specialist educational provision
Would your proposed change help or hinder the council in advancing equality of opportunity between people who belong to any protected groups and those who do not?	Yes, by strengthening specialist educational provision	Yes, by strengthening specialist educational provision

Would your proposed change help or hinder the council in fostering good relations between people who belong to any protected groups and those who do not?	No, although may have an indirect effect if aspects of vocational provision opened up to pupils in mainstream schools	Yes, a strengthened PRU offer would deliver more strategic interventions in school enabling pupils at risk of exclusion or previously excluded to reintegrate into a school setting

1.3 Decision

If you answer "yes" or "don't know" to ANY of the questions in section 1.2, you should undertake a full equality analysis. This is because either you already know that your change or review could have a different/significant impact on protected groups (compared to non-protected groups) or because you don't know whether it will (and it might).

Decision	Response
No, further equality analysis is not required	The proposals will increase opportunities for children and young people with challenging behaviour by expanding service provision and increasing capacity to plan strategically for a continuum of provision with different learning pathways to meet individual needs. Cabinet report attached 15 July 2013 attached

Officers that must approve this decision	Name and position	Date
Report author	Linda Wright, Head of Service, Inclusion,	
	Learning Access and SEN	2 July 2013
Director	Sylvia McNamara, Director for Learning	
	and Inclusion	

Please email this completed form to data.equalities@croydon.gov.uk, together with an email trail showing that the your director has approved it.

1.4 Feedback from the corporate equalities team

Name of equalities officer		
Date received by equalities officer	Please send an acknowledgement	
Should a full equality analysis be carried out?	Note the reasons for your decision	

Please send this document to

- the person responsible for making the decision
- democratic services, the corporate programme office or procurement as appropriate in time for the relevant decision making meeting

2. Evidence Considered

List the documents and information that have been considered as part of this review to enable reasonable judgments to be made on the assessment of impact.

Quantitative Data	Qualitative Data					

2.1 Analysing Impact

Use the table below plot and identify where there is a potential impact on any of the staff and customers/service users by protected characteristic arising from the change.

The cells of the matrix should be filled in as below:

Key

O	Indicates a Neutral Impact on Service Users/Staff, This is due to evidence is not being available to indicate otherwise
Р	Indicates the change may have a potential Positive Impact on Service Users/Staff
N	Indicates the change may have a potential Negative Impact on Service Users/Staff
P/N	Indicates the change may have both Positive and Negative Impacts on Service Users/Staff

An example of the chart filled in below:

			Protected Characteristics								
Services			Age	Disability	Gender Reassignment	Pregnancy and Maternity	Race	Religion and Belief	Sex	Sexual Orientation	Marriage and Civil Partnership
		Capacity	0	Р	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Service Design	Availability	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Continuity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Service		Security	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Provision		Supplier Management	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Service Level Availability	0	Р	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Service Catalogue Management	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ο	0	0

Description of	Description of Impact – Service User Related									
Service Area	Protected Group	Description of Potential Positive Impact	Description of Potential Negative Impact	Evidence Source						
Learning and Inclusion	Children & young people with special educational needs	More local specialist educational provision New learning pathways for children and young people aged 5-19 with challenging behaviour Broader curriculum offer More opportunities to reintegrate into mainstream school as appropriate		Data on demand for more specialist educational provision in borough to reduce numbers of pupils having to travel outside the borough to specialist independent sector presented to Cabinet in July 2011; trend data drawn from EMS shows an average increase in demand of 5% per year						

Description o	Description of Impact – Employment Related					
Service Area	Protected Group	Description of Potential Positive Impact	Description of Potential Negative Impact	Evidence Source		
Learning and Inclusion	Children & young people with special educational needs	Reduction in NEET for young people with Learning Difficulties / Disabilities		Meets requirements of Raising Participation Age to 18		

2.2 Is there any evidence missing? If so, how will you gather this missing evidence?

If you do not have all the evidence you need to make an informed decision, talk to your departmental equality lead about practical ways to gather it. For example, if you do not have time to conduct a survey, is there a way can increase your understanding before undertaking more robust research at a later date? Perhaps by meeting with stakeholders. The depth and degree of any consultation or research will be determined by the relevance of the change or review to different groups. Those who are likely to be directly affected should be consulted. Read the corporate public consultation guidelines before you begin (http://intranet.croydon.net/finance/customerservices/public_consultation/default.asp).

If you really cannot gather any useful information in time, then note its absence as a potential negative impact and describe the action you will take to gather it in section 3. Insert new rows as required.

Do not continue onto stage 3 until your departmental equality lead is satisfied that you have gathered all the evidence you need

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Protected Group	Evidence missing	Description of potential negative impact	

3. Determining Actions

The overall potential impact is the likelihood of the impact multiplied by the strength of that impact. The higher the score, the more significant the impact. The tables below identify actions to be taken to minimise negative impacts or maximise positive impacts within the programme.

Key

Likelihood score

Rare

Most certain In more than 80% of the circumstances
 Most likely In 51-80% of circumstances
 Possible In 21-50% of circumstances
 Unlikely In 6-20% of circumstances

In 5% of circumstances or less

Strength score	Degree of impact	Proportion of protected groups affected
5	Very great impact	Several protected groups in more than one category (e.g. religion and gender) would be differently affected (compared to non-protected groups).
4	Great impact	Several protected groups in one category (e.g. religion) would be differently affected (compared to non-protected groups)
3	Some impact	All of one protected group would be differently affected (compared to non-protected groups)
2	Little impact	The majority of one protected group would be differently affected (compared to non-protected groups)
1	Minimal impact	A minority of one protected group would be differently affected (compared to non-protected groups).

3.1 Mi	3.1 Minimising Potential Negative Impacts							
Ref		Potential Negative Impact	Likelihood Score	Strength Score	Overall Impact Score		Action Owner	Date Action will be completed

3.1 Ma	3.1 Maximising Positive Impacts							
Ref		Potential Negative Impact	Likelihood Score	Strength Score	Overall Impact Score	Action	Action Owner	Date Action will be completed

4. Decisions

4.1 Based on the information in sections 1-3, what are you going to do?

Decision	Definition	Yes/no
We will not make any major change to our project because it already includes all appropriate actions	Our assessment shows that there is no potential for discrimination, harassment or victimisation and that our project already includes all appropriate actions to advance equality and foster good relations between groups.	
We will adjust our project	We have identified opportunities to lessen the impact of discrimination, harassment or victimisation and better advance equality and foster good relations between groups through our project. We are going to take action to change our project to make sure these opportunities are realised.	
We will continue our project as planned because it will be within the law	We have identified opportunities to lessen the impact of discrimination, harassment or victimisation and better advance equality and foster good relations between groups through your project. However, we are not planning to implement them as we are satisfied that our project will not lead to unlawful discrimination and there are justifiable reasons to continue as planned.	
We will stop our project	Our project would have adverse effects on one or more protected groups that are not justified and cannot be lessened. It would lead to unlawful discrimination and must not go ahead.	

4.2 Next steps

You may find it useful to consult Appendix One before completing this section.

Does this analysis have to be considered at a scheduled meeting?	If so, please give the name and date of the meeting.	
When and where will this equality analysis be published?	An equality analysis should be published alongside the policy or decision it is part of. As well as this, the equality assessment could be made available	

	externally at various points of policy development. This will often mean publishing your analysis before the policy is finalised, thereby enabling people to engage with you on your findings.	
When will you update this analysis?	Please state at what stage of your project you will do this and when you expect this update to take place. If you are not planning to update this analysis, say why not.	
4.3 I confirm that the informat	ion in sections 1 - 4 is accurate, comprehensive and up-to-date	
Officers that must approve this decision	Name and position	Date
Report author		
Director of Corporate Services		
Email this completed form to data.equ	ialities@croydon.gov.uk, together with an email trail showing that the director is sati	sfied with it.
4.4 Feedback from the corpora	ate equalities team	
Name of equalities officer		
Date received by equalities team	Please send an acknowledgement	
Feedback on decision		
Please send this to the report auth appropriate	or and democratic services, corporate programme office and procurement tea	am as

Appendix one: decision making processes

You may only need to develop one equality analysis, updating it as you move from proposing the change to monitoring its implementation.

In many instances, an equality assessment will be started when a report is being written for a committee. If that report recommends that a project or programme takes place, the same equality assessment can be updated to track equality impacts as it progresses. If the project or programme includes commissioning or de-commissioning, the same equality assessment can be updated again.

Budget setting

For department budget setting, check that each line will have already have appropriate equality analysis under one of the other decision making processes. The corporate budget will be covered under the process for the report to full council.

How to use this table

This table outlines the key council decision making processes. Select the process on the top row that you are currently involved in, then read down the column to find out what to do when.

	Report to committee,		Programme	
Decision making process	cabinet or full council	Project management	management	Commissioning
Key contact	Solomon Agutu	Tony Snook	Tony Snook	Dawn Jolley
Link to process	Report Writing Instructions and Templates	Corporate Programme Office (CPO)	Corporate Programme Office (CPO)	Procurement Board
Develop section one of the equality analysis	When you start writing your report	Business case	Gateway 1/2	When you start writing your procurement strategy
Develop full equality analysis	Before you submit your report to CMT	Project initiation document	Gateway 3	report
Revise full equality	When full council, cabinet or committee decision made or at key stages in any action plan included in the report	At the end of each	At then end of each	If the award report goes to Corporate Services Committee and as part of contract monitoring schedule
analysis Write final full equality analysis	At the final stage of any action plan included in the report	project stage Post project review	Gateway 6	Final monitoring stage

Who to send the equality	Corporate equality team	Corporate equality team	Corporate equality team	Corporate equality team
analysis to	and democratic services	and project team	and programme team	and procurement team

Appendix two: data broken down by Protected Characteristics

The information below is taken from the 2011 census unless otherwise indicated.

The information below is taken from the 2011 census u	iniess otherwise indica	atea.		
Age groups	Number of people	Percentage		
0-4 years	27,972	7.7%		
5-7 years	14,388	4.0%		
8-9 years	8,708	2.4%		
10-14 years	23,130	6.4%		
15 years	4,912	1.4%		
16-17 years	9,934	2.7%		
18-19 years	8,720	2.4%		
20-24 years	23,591	6.4%		
25 -29 years	27,692	7.6%		
30-44 years	82,439	22.7%		
45-59 years	70,488	19.4%		
60-64 years	17,029	4.7%		
65-74 years	23,155	6.4%		
75-84 years	15,318	4.2%		
85-89 years	3,881	1.1%		
Over 90 years	2,021	0.6%		
People with long term illnesses or disabilities	363,378			
Blind or visually impaired	These categorie	s were not		
Deaf or hearing impaired	recorded as suc	recorded as such in the 2011		
Other communication impairment		census. However, this did record		
Mobility impairment		that there were 24,380 people		
Learning difficulty or disability		(6.7%) whose day to day activities		
Mental health condition	were limited a lo	were limited a lot by long term		

HIV, multiple sclerosis or cancer Other (please specify)	(7.9%) whose da were limited a lit	illness or disability and 28,733 (7.9%) whose day to day activities were limited a little (Office of National Statistics)	
Gender			
Male	176,224	48.5%	
Female	187,154	51.5%	
Ethnicity	Number of people	Percentage	
White British	171,740	47.3%	
White Irish	5,369	1.5%	
White Gypsy or Irish Traveller	234	0.1%	
Other White background	22,852	6.3%	
Black African	28,981	8.0%	
Black Caribbean	31,320	8.6%	
Other Black background	12,955	3.6%	
Bangladeshi	2,570	0.7%	
Chinese	3,925	1.1%	
Indian	24,660	6.8%	
Pakistani	10,865	3.0%	
Other Asian background	17,607	4.8%	
Mixed White and Black Caribbean	9,650	2.7%	
Mixed White and Black African	3,279	0.9%	
Mixed White and Asian	5,140	1.4%	
Other Mixed background	5,826	1.6%	
Arab	1,701	0.5%	
Other ethnic group (please specify)	4,704	1.3%	
Religion	Number of people	Percentage	
Buddhist	2,381	0.70%	
Christian	205,022	56.40%	
Hindu	21,739	6.00%	
Jewish	709	0.20%	

Muslim	29,513	8.10%		
Sikh	1,450	0.40%		
No religion/faith	72,654	20.00%		
Other (please specify)	2,153	0.60%		
Sexual orientation				
Lesbian		There are no figures from the 2011 census. However, it is estimated that there were 20,370 lesbians, gay men, bisexual and transgender people living in Croydon in 2001. (London LGBT)		
Gay				
Bisexual	people living in Cr			
Transgender				
Transgender	See above	See above		
Pregnancy or maternity				
Pregnant		These categories were not recorded as such in the 2011 census. However, there were 5,720 live births in 2011 (Office of National Statistics)		
On compulsory maternity leave	census. However, live births in 2011			
Marriage or civil partnership				
Married	122,013	42.9%		
In civil partnership	796	0.3%		