

**GLOSSARY OF TERMS USED IN THE TREASURY STRATEGY STATEMENT,
MINIMUM REVENUE PROVISION POLICY STATEMENT & ANNUAL
INVESTMENT STRATEGY 2018/2019**

"Adjustment A"	The Prudential System came into force in 2004/05. The former system relied on the maintenance of credit ceilings for both GF and HRA to determine the MRP due for both. The new Prudential system uses figures derived from the authority's consolidated balance sheet to calculate MRP due. A safeguard was built into the new system to ensure that the transition did not lead to any artificial increase in MRP liability. This was based on calculating an amount known as "Adjustment A".
Affordable Borrowing Limit and Authorised Limit for external debit	The maximum amount the Council can borrow for capital and revenue purposes, allowing for unexpected events. It reflects a level of borrowing which, while not desirable, is affordable in the short term. This limit reflects the temporary nature of the borrowing.
Borrowing for Capital Purposes - Supported - Unsupported	The amount of borrowing to finance capital projects for which the Government will give revenue support and specific grants. Additional borrowing the Council may wish to undertake, but for which there will be no financial contribution through the grant system.
CIPFA Treasury Management Code of Practice	The professional code governing treasury management, which the Council has formally adopted.
Capital Financing Requirement (CFR)	The authority's underlying need to borrow to finance capital expenditure.
Consumer Price Index (CPI)	This is a measure of the general level of price changes for consumer goods and services but excludes most owner occupier housing costs such as mortgage interest payments, council tax, dwellings insurance, rents depreciation and the like.
FITCH	An internationally recognised rating agency which is used and approved by the Council's Treasury Advisers, Capita Asset Services.
Gross Domestic Product (GDP)	Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is a measure of a country's economic activity, including all the services and goods produced in a year within that country.

APPENDIX F

G7	The Group of Seven (G7) is an informal bloc of seven industrialised democracies – the USA, Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan and the UK that meets annually to discuss issues such as global economic governance, international security and energy policy.
Lenders Option / Borrowers Option Loans (LOBO's)	A form of long-term borrowing where loans run at a fixed rate of interest for a fixed period of time, after which the Lender has the option to ask for repayment or change the interest rate on pre-determined dates. If the Lender decides to exercise the option to change the interest rate the borrower can then decide whether to accept the new terms or repay the loan with no penalty.
London Interbank Bid Rate (LIBID)	The interest rate at which major banks in London are willing to borrow (bid for) funds from each other.
Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP)	The amount which must be set aside from revenue each year to cover future repayment of loans. There is no MRP requirement for HRA borrowing.
Net Revenue Stream (NRS)	<p>The NRS for the General Fund is the “Amount to be met from Government Grant and Council Tax contributions”, as shown in the consolidated revenue account. This represents the budget requirement for the Council.</p> <p>The NRS for the Housing Revenue Account is the amount to be met from net rent income as shown in the HRA accounts.</p>
Operational boundary for external debt	The maximum amount of external debt according to probable events and consistent with the level of external debt projected in the estimates.
Public Works Loan Board (PWLB)	Part of the Government’s Debt Management Office, making long-term funds available to local authorities on prescribed terms and conditions.