PART 6: Planning Applications for Decision

Item 6.2

1.0 SUMMARY OF APPLICATION DETAILS

Ref: 19/02209/FUL

Location: 48 Mitchley Hill, South Croydon, CR2 9HB

Ward: Sanderstead

Description: Demolition of single-family dwelling and erection of one 3-

4 storey block, containing 6 x 2-bedroom apartments, 2 x 4-bedroom houses and 1 x 3 bedroom house with associated access, 10 parking spaces, cycle storage and refuse store. (Amended description: Parking spaces

reduced from 11 to 10).

Drawing Nos: CX17-S1-101C; CX17-S1-102; CX17-S1-103D; CX17-

S1-104B; CX17-S1-105A; CX17-S1-106A; CX17-S1-107B; CX17-S1-108A (Part 1); CX17-S1-108A (Part 2); CX17-S1-109A; CX17-S1-110A; CX17-S1-111A; CX17-S1-112A; CX17-S1-113A; CX17-S1-114A; CX17-S1-115A; CX17-S1-116A; CX17-S1-117A; CX17-S1-118 Tree Protection CX17-S1-119; Tree Impact Assessment, Tree Protection Scheme, SUDS, Hard Landscape Plan,

Soft Landscape Plan.

Applicant: Mr Rafael Porzycki of Aventier Ltd

Case Officer: Nathan Pearce

	1B 2P	2B 3P	2B 4P	3B 4P	4B+	Total
Existing Provision				1		1
Proposed Provision		4	2	1	2	9

1.1 This application is being reported to Planning Committee because objections above the threshold in the Committee Consideration Criteria have been received.

2.0 RECOMMENDATION

- 2.1 That the Planning Committee resolve to GRANT planning permission
- 2.2 That the Director of Planning and Strategic Transport has delegated authority to issue the planning permission and impose conditions and informatives to secure the following matters:

Conditions

- 1. Development to be carried out in accordance with the approved drawings and reports except where specified by conditions
- 2. Details of facing materials

- 3. Details of car and cycle parking
- 4. Hard and soft landscaping to be submitted
- 5. 19% reduction in CO2 Emissions
- 6. 110l Water Restriction
- 7. Permeable forecourt material
- 8. Trees Details in accordance with tree report
- 9. Tree Protection Plan
- 10. Visibility splays
- 11. Construction Logistics Plan
- 12. Accessibility
- 13. Sustainable urban drainage details
- 14. Windows restrictions
- 15. Time limit of 3 years
- 16. Any other planning condition(s) considered necessary by the Director of Planning and Strategic Transport

Informatives

- 1) CIL
- 2) Code of practise for Construction Sites
- 3) Any other informative(s) considered necessary by the Director of Planning and Strategic Transport

3.0 PROPOSAL AND LOCATION DETAILS

- 3.1 The proposal includes the following:
 - Demolition of existing detached house
 - Erection of a three and four storey building including accommodation in roofspace and a short terrace of three houses connected to it.
 - Provision of 4 x 2 bedroom flat (3 person), 2 x 2 bedroom (4 person) flats, 1 x 3 bedroom house and 2 x 4 bedroom houses.
 - Provision of 10 off-street parking spaces including one disabled bay.
 - Provision associated refuse/cycle stores.
- 3.2 Amended plans were received showing an amended parking layout. No renotification was conducted because the amendments did not lead to a material change in circumstances.

Site and Surroundings

- 3.3 The application site is a large detached property situated on the north side of Mitchley Hill. The topography of the site is a sloping site. The land rises from the lower level on the west of the site to a higher level on the east of the site.
- 3.4 The surrounding area is mainly residential in character. Whilst there is no distinct style in regard to the properties along Mitchley Hill, the majority of properties appear to be detached and semi-detached family dwellinghouses. Metropolitan Green Belt is immediately to the north and west of the site. There is an electricity

substation and small area of woodland immediately to the west of the site. The site has a Public Transport Accessibility Level (PTAL) of 1a.



Fig 1: Aerial street view highlighting the proposed site within the surrounding street-scene

Planning History

3.5 17/04259/FUL - Demolition of existing and erection of a building comprising of 9 x 2 bedroom apartments with parking, secure cycle storage and bin storage and modification of an existing access – Application withdrawn 16/02/2018.

4.0 SUMMARY OF KEY REASONS FOR RECOMMENDATION

- The proposed development would create good quality residential accommodation that would make a positive contribution to the borough's housing stock and would make a small contribution to the Council achieving its housing targets as set out in the London Plan (2016) and Croydon Local Plan (2018). The proposed development would provide an appropriate mix of units including 2x four-bed houses and 1x three-bed house.
- The proposed development would be of an appropriate mass, scale, form and design that would be in keeping with its context, thus preserving the appearance of the site and surrounding area.
- The proposed development would not cause unacceptable harm to the amenities of neighbouring residential occupiers.

- The proposed development would not have an adverse impact on the operation of the highway.
- Subject to the imposition of conditions, the proposed development would not cause unacceptable harm to visual amenity of trees.
- Subject to conditions, the proposals would not have an adverse impact on flooding.
- Sustainability aspects can be controlled by conditions

5.0 CONSULTATION RESPONSE

5.1 The views of the Planning Service are expressed in the MATERIAL PLANNING CONSIDERATIONS section below.

6.0 LOCAL REPRESENTATION

6.1 The application has been publicised by 8 letters of notification to neighbouring properties in the vicinity of the application site. The number of representations received from neighbours, a Residents' Association, a local ward Councillor and Local MP in response to notification and publicity of the application are as follows:

No of individual responses: 44 Objecting: 41 Supporting: 1
Comment: 1

6.2 The following issues were raised in representations. Those that are material to the determination of the application, are addressed in substance in the MATERIAL PLANNING CONSIDERATIONS section of this report:

Summary of objections	Response			
Principle of development				
Overdevelopment and intensification	Addressed in the report at paragraphs			
	8.8 – 8.11			
Loss of family home	Addressed in the report at paragraph			
	8.6			
Poor quality development	Addressed in the report at paragraphs			
	8.26 – 8.31			
Design				
Out of character	Addressed in the report at paragraphs			
	8.8 – 8.17			
Massing too big	Addressed in the report at paragraphs			
	8.8 – 8.17			
Over intensification – Too dense	Addressed in the report at paragraph			
	8.6			
Visual impact on the street scene (Not	Addressed in the report at paragraphs			
in keeping)	8.8 – 8.17			
Accessible provision	Addressed in the report at paragraphs			
	8.30			
Number of storeys	Addressed in the report at paragraphs			
	8.11			
Amenities				

Negative impact on neighbouring	Addressed in the report at paragraphs				
amenities	8.13 – 8.18				
Loss of light	Addressed in the report at paragraphs				
	8.13 – 8.18				
Loss of privacy	Addressed in the report at paragraphs				
	8.13 – 8.18				
Overlooking	Addressed in the report at paragraphs				
	8.13 – 8.18				
Disturbance (noise, light, pollution,	Addressed in the report at paragraphs				
smells etc.)	8.13 – 8.18				
Refuse store	Addressed in the report at paragraphs				
. 10,400 010.0	8.30				
Traffic & Parking					
Negative impact on parking and traffic in					
the area	8.25 – 8.31				
Not enough off-street parking	Addressed in the report at paragraphs				
That arrange are surest parting	8.25 – 8.31				
Negative impact on highway safety	Addressed in the report at paragraph				
Trogative impact on mg.may earety	8.25 – 8.31				
Refuse and recycling provision	Addressed in the report at paragraph				
	8.30				
Other matters					
Construction disturbance	Addressed in the report at paragraph				
	8.38				
Impact on wildlife and Metropolitan	Addressed in the report at paragraphs				
Green Belt	8.32 – 8.34				
Impact on flooding	Addressed in the report at paragraph				
	8.37				
Local services cannot cope	Addressed in the report at paragraph				
·	8.38				
Lack of affordable homes	Addressed in the report at paragraph				
	8.39				
Impact on trees	Addressed in the report at paragraphs				
	8.32 – 8.34				

- 6.3 Cllr Tim Pollard (Sanderstead Ward) has referred the application to committee and raised the following issues:
 - Overdevelopment of the site
 - Visual dominance on the streetscene
 - Excess size for site adjacent to green belt
 - Loss of amenity to neighbours

7.0 RELEVANT PLANNING POLICIES AND GUIDANCE

7.1 In determining any planning application, the Council is required to have regard to the provisions of its Development Plan so far as is material to the application

and to any other material considerations. Such determination shall be made in accordance with the Plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise. The Council's adopted Development Plan consists of the Consolidated London Plan 2015, the Croydon Local Plan (February 2018), and the South London Waste Plan 2012.

- 7.2 Government Guidance is contained in the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) revised in February 2019. The NPPF sets out a presumption in favour of sustainable development, requiring that development which accords with an upto-date local plan should be approved without delay. The NPPF identifies a number of key issues for the delivery of sustainable development, those most relevant to this case are:
 - Promoting sustainable transport;
 - Delivery of housing
 - Promoting social, recreational and cultural facilities and services the community needs
 - · Requiring good design.
- 7.3 The main policy considerations raised by the application that the Committee are required to consider are:

7.4 Consolidated London Plan 2015

- 3.3 Increasing housing supply
- 3.4 Optimising housing potential
- 3.5 Quality and design of housing developments
- 3.8 Housing choice
- 3.9 Mixed and balanced communities
- 5.1 Climate change mitigation
- 5.2 Minimising carbon dioxide emissions
- 5.3 Sustainable design and construction
- 5.7 Renewable energy
- 5.10 Urban greening
- 5.12 Flood risk management
- 5.13 Sustainable drainage
- 5.14 Water quality and wastewater infrastructure
- 5.15 Water use and supplies
- 5.16 Waste net self sufficiency
- 5.18 Construction, Demolition and excavation waste
- 6.3 Effects of development on transport capacity
- 6.9 Cycling
- 6.10 Walking
- 6.11 Smoothing traffic flow and tackling congestion
- 6.12 Road Network Capacity
- 6.13 Parking
- 7.6 Architecture
- 8.3 Community infrastructure levy

7.5 Croydon Local Plan (adopted February 2018)

- SP1 The places of Croydon
- SP2 Homes
- DM1 Housing choice for sustainable communities
- SP4 Urban Design and Local Character
- DM10 Design and character
- DM13 Refuse and recycling
- SP6 Environment and Climate Change
- DM23 Development and construction
- DM24 Land contamination
- DM25 Sustainable drainage systems and reducing flood risk
- SP7 Green Grid
- DM27 Biodiversity
- DM28 Trees
- SP8 Transport and Communications
- DM29 Promoting sustainable travel and reducing congestion
- DM30 Car and cycle parking in new development
- DM43 Sanderstead

7.6 <u>Suburban Design Guide Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) 2019</u>

The SPD is a Housing Design Guide that provides guidance on suburban residential developments and extensions and alterations to existing homes across the borough. The SPD is a design guide for suburban developments likely to occur on windfall sites where existing homes are to be redeveloped to provide for several homes or proposals for building homes in rear gardens.

7.7 Other relevant Supplementary Planning Guidance as follows:

- London Housing SPG, March 2016
- National Technical Housing Standards, 2015
- National Planning Practice Guidance

8.0 MATERIAL PLANNING CONSIDERATIONS

- 8.1 The principal issues of this particular application relate to:
 - The principle of the development;
 - Impact of the development on the character and appearance of the area;
 - Impact on residential amenities;
 - Standard of accommodation:
 - Highways impacts;
 - Impacts on trees and ecology;
 - Sustainability issues; and
 - Other matters

The Principle of Development

8.23 Both the London Plan and the NPPF place significant weight on housing delivery and focus on the roles that intensification and small sites in particular can play in

resolving the current housing crisis. It is acknowledged that windfall schemes which provide sensitive renewal and intensification of existing residential areas play an important role in meeting the demand for additional housing in Greater London, helping to address overcrowding and affordability issues. Furthermore the Croydon Local Plan 2018 anticipates that roughly a third of housing delivery over the plan period will come from District Centres and windfall sites.

- 8.3 The site is a windfall site which could be suitable for sensitive renewal and intensification. The residential character of Mitchley Hill consists of detached and semi-detached houses.
- 8.4 The proposal, whilst incorporating flatted accommodation, has been designed to appear as a large house which would maintain the overall character of neighbouring properties.
- 8.5 The existing unit is a 4-bed house and the proposal would provide 2 x 4 bed and 1 x 3 bed units which would provide adequate floorspace for families. Policy SP2.7 sets a strategic target of 30% of new homes to be 3-bedroom homes. The target of 30% of family homes have been met through the proposed 3-bed and 4-bed units.
- 8.6 The other units within the scheme are 2-bed, 4-person units which are considered family units as well for the first three years of the plan period. Careful consideration has been given to whether the proposal provides sufficient units within the proposed overall quantum of development, given the size of the units proposed. A reduction in the size of some units could lead to an increase in the number of units by potentially one or two units, potentially resulting in a "major" development, which triggers a number of other considerations including the provision of affordable housing. However, it is likely that such a development would not be able to accord with the level of family unit provision required for "major" developments (70% of units in this location) and the associated parking demand may result in concerns regarding either the size of the forecourt or amount of off-site parking. A number of other considerations also apply to "major" developments. As such, officers are satisfied that the unit mix proposed appropriately maximises the development potential of this site.
- 8.7 Representations have raised concern over the intensification of the site and overdevelopment. The site is in a suburban setting with a PTAL rating of 1a and as such, the London Plan indicates that a suitable density level range is between 150-200 habitable rooms per hectare (hr/ha). Whilst the proposal would be in excess of this range (330 hr/ha), it is important to note that the London Plan indicates that it is not appropriate to apply these ranges mechanistically, and also provides sufficient flexibility for higher density schemes (beyond the density range) to be supported where they are acceptable in all other regards. In this instance the proposal is acceptable, respecting the character and appearance of the surrounding area, and does not demonstrate signs of overdevelopment (such as poor quality residential units or unreasonable harm to neighbouring amenity). As such the scheme is supported.

The effect of the proposal on the character of the area and visual amenities of the streetscene

- 8.8 The existing property is not protected from demolition by existing policies and its demolition is acceptable subject to a suitably designed replacement building coming forward. The proposal seeks to replace it with 9 units within a single building. The scheme has been specifically designed to resemble houses, rather than a block of flats. Officers are satisfied that the scheme respects the street-scene.
- 8.9 The Croydon Local Plan has a presumption in favour of three storey development and the application seeks to provide a three-four storey property providing a high quality built form that respects the land level changes, pattern, layout and siting in accordance with Policy DM10.1.
- 8.10 The height, scale and massing of the scheme would be acceptable, given that the site works well with the topography and would sit well with the adjoining properties. The taller element of the building is located furthest from existing properties, at the lower point of the site and so responds sympathetically to the character of the area.



Fig 2: Elevational view highlighting the proposal in relation to neighbouring properties.

8.11 The design of the building would incorporate a traditional styled appearance consisting of gables and bays to the front elevation, maintaining the overall street scene with use of an appropriate materials palette with an adequate balance between brick, render and glazing and appropriate roof proportions. The main front element would present a traditional architectural response, consisting of gabled bays.

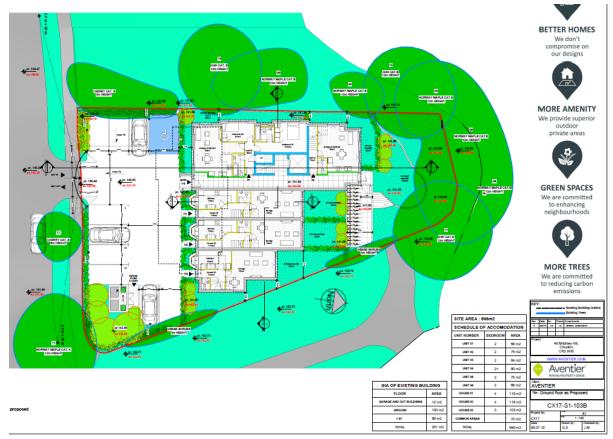


Fig 3: Ground floor plan proposed site showing proposal in relation to neighbouring properties

- 8.12 Policy DM10.2 seeks to create well defined and designed public and private spaces and advises that forecourt parking should only be allowed where it does not cause undue harm to the character or setting of the building and is large enough to accommodate parking with sufficient screening to prevent vehicles encroaching on the public highway. Whilst the frontage would be given over to hard-standing to allow for off street parking there would be some soft landscaping surrounding it, along with a section of soft landscaping along the boundary. Given the overall scale of the development and number of forecourt hardstanding areas in the vicinity, the extent of hardstanding would not be excessive. The site would offer sufficient opportunities for soft landscaping to the rear.
- 8.13 The application site is a substantial plot within an established residential area and is not immediately adjacent to existing residential buildings due to an area of undeveloped land and an access road. The scale and massing of the new build would generally be in keeping with the overall scale of development found in the immediate area whilst sensitively intensifying it and the layout of the development would respect the streets pattern and rhythm.



Fig 4: CGI of site showing proposal in relation to neighbouring properties

Having considered all of the above, against the backdrop of housing need, officers are of the opinion that the proposed development would comply with the objectives of the above policies and the Suburban Design Guide SPD 2019 in terms of respecting local character.

The effect of the proposal upon the amenities of the occupiers of adjoining properties

8.14 Policy DM10.6 states that the Council will not support development proposals which would have adverse effects on the amenities of adjoining or nearby properties, or have an unacceptable impact on the surrounding area. This can include a loss of privacy, a loss of natural light, a loss of outlook or the creation of a sense of enclosure.

The properties with the potential to be most affected are the adjoining properties at 46 Mitchley Hill, 1 Borrowdale Close and the dwellings opposite on Mitchley Hill:

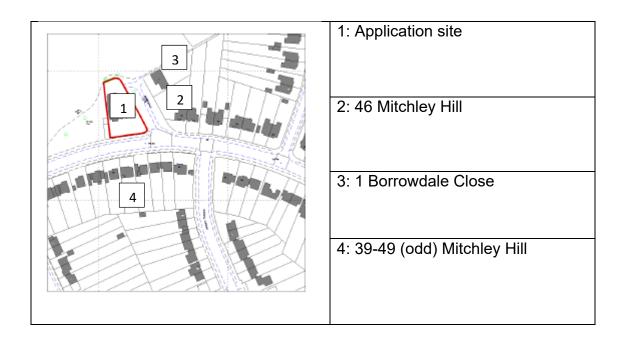




Fig 5: Proposed side elevations

46 Mitchley Hill

8.15 This dwelling is to the east and is at a higher level than the proposal site. The separation distance would be 23m between the proposed flank wall and the flank wall of no.46. Given the separation distance, the scheme would be unlikely to cause a loss of natural light, a loss of outlook or the creation of a sense of enclosure.

1 Borrowdale Close

- 8.16 This dwelling is to the north-east and at a higher level than the proposal site. The separation distance would be 18m between the proposed rear elevation and the front elevation of no.1. Given the separation distance and the angle between the buildings the scheme would be unlikely to cause a loss of natural light, a loss of outlook or the creation of a sense of enclosure.
- 8.17 It is considered that given the separation distances and the angles that there would not be a significant impact on these dwellings in terms of loss of light, outlook, privacy or sense of overbearing. This is considered to be an acceptable relationship in a suburban setting such as this.

Dwellings opposite on Mitchley Hill

- 8.18 It is considered that given the separation distances that there would not be a significant impact on these dwellings in terms of loss of light, outlook, privacy or sense of overbearing. This is considered to be an acceptable relationship in a suburban setting such as this.
- 8.19 As regards noise and disturbance, the proposed development would not result in undue noise, light or air pollution as a result of an increased number of occupants on the site. The increased number of units would increase the number of vehicle movements to and from the site, but this would not be significant and would not be overly harmful.

The effect of the proposal upon the amenities of future occupiers

- 8.20 The Nationally Described Space Standards (NDSS) provide minimum technical space standards for new dwellings in terms of the gross internal floor areas and storage. All of the proposed units would meet the minimum required gross internal floor area.
- 8.21 The units would have access to private and communal amenity space which meets the required standard.
- 8.22 The local plan also requires all flatted development to provide new child play space as well as the amenity space to be provided. In terms of the child play space, this can be secured through use of planning conditions.

- 8.23 Although there are side facing windows on the west elevation that are in close proximity to the existing trees immediately adjacent on the west side, an internal daylight study has been submitted which shows that the Average Daylight Factor is acceptable in accordance with BRE guidance and that the proposed development would have acceptable light to all rooms. Additionally, these windows tend to be bedroom windows or secondary windows to living areas, where the other windows have good light and outlook.
- 8.24 In terms of accessibility, a lift is proposed to the block of flats. As such all units can meet M4(2) standard and one two-bedroom unit meets M4(3), in compliance with policy.
- 8.25 Overall the development is considered to result in a high quality development, including an uplift in family accommodation, and will offer future occupiers a good standard of amenity, including the provision of communal amenity space and child play space, and thus accords with relevant policy.

Traffic and highway safety implications

- 8.26 The Public Transport Accessibility Level (PTAL) rating is 1a which indicates poor accessibility to public transport. The London Plan and Policy DM30 of CLP2018 sets out that maximum car parking standards for residential developments based on public transport accessibility levels and local character. This states that 1-2 bedroom properties should provide a maximum of up to 1 space per unit, with up to 1.5 spaces per unit being provided for 3 bedroom properties. In line with the London Plan, the proposed development could therefore provide up to a maximum of 10.5 spaces. It is important to note however that it is not necessarily desirable to provide car parking up to the maximum standards given the requirements of both the London Plan and Croydon Local Plan which seek to reduce reliance on car usage and promote/prioritise sustainable modes of transport. As such a lower level of car parking can be supported and is encouraged in line with the ambitions of the Development Plan.
- 8.27 Although no parking survey has been provided, this scheme proposes 10 on-site parking bays with 1 space designated for each unit, and as such accords with the policy requirements for a development of this nature in this location. The proposed car parking provision is considered acceptable when taking into account the site constraints, the need to provide high quality multi-functional spaces whilst preserving the existing trees on-site and ensuring the best use of land.
- 8.28 There are a number of representations that refer to the parking provision, onstreet parking and highway safety at the site. In respect to highway safety, the scheme provides 10 off-street parking spaces and these will need to adhere to the parking visibility splays and parking standards to ensure that safety requirements are adhered to and these have been secured through conditions.
- 8.29 The parking layout and access arrangement has been amended and the number of spaces has been reduced from 11 to 10. This was necessary because the 3 of the spaces on the previous layout were not accessible when vehicles were

- parked in front. Vehicles would be able to enter and exit in forward gear, the access point to the site has a width of 4.2m which is deemed acceptable and would not harm the safety and efficiency of the highway network.
- 8.30 In compliance with the London Plan, electric vehicle charging points should be installed in the parking area and this can be secured by way of a condition. Cycle storage facilities would comply with the London Plan (which would require 16 spaces) as these are located in a secure and covered cycle store within the rear communal amenity space. This can be secured by way of a condition.
- 8.31 The refuse arrangements would be acceptable and for a nine units scheme would require 1 x 1100ltr landfill receptacle; 1 x 1280ltr for dry recycling and 1 x 140ltr food recycling, which has been accommodated within the site. The refuse store would be located in front of the building with access to the hardstanding. It can be secured by condition.
- 8.32 A Demolition/Construction Logistic Plan (including a Construction Management Plan) will be needed before commencement of work and this could be secured through a condition.

Impact on trees, wildlife and Metropolitan Green Belt

- 8.33 The site is bordered by established trees and shrubs adding to the overall amenity value and also providing a good degree of screening. The proposed landscape design protects most of the existing trees and provides a large variety of bushes and hedges. None of the trees to be lost are considered to be of high value and appropriate replacement trees are proposed. No works are required for the building within Root Protection Areas. Minor changes to land levels are proposed within some Root Protection Areas but affect a small section of the protected area and so will have a minimal impact on the vegetation concerned. A landscaping and planting plan has been submitted and can be secured by condition.
- 8.34 The works should be undertaken in accordance with the Arboricultural Report and Impact Assessment recommendations and this and the submission of a detailed tree protection plan can be resolved by condition.
- 8.35 As regards wildlife, a preliminary ecological appraisal and a bat survey report have been submitted. The Council's Ecological Consultant has raised no objection subject to securing biodiversity mitigation and enhancement measures. Conditions have been added requiring the works to be undertaken in accordance with the submitted ecological appraisal; a biodiversity enhancement layout to be submitted and agreed prior to slab level; and a wildlife sensitive lighting design scheme to be submitted and approved prior to occupation. An informative has been added regarding general good practice mitigation to avoid ecological impacts during the construction phase.
- 8.36 The site lies adjacent to but not within the Metropolitan Green Belt (MGB). Green Belt policies (National to Local) aim to protect and preserve the openness of the Green Belt by preventing inappropriate development within the designated

Green Belt boundaries. Such policies do not refer to development adjacent to such designations. As such, the location of the site adjacent to the MGB does not prohibit development. The proposed building would be located on previously developed brownfield land. Whilst the scale of the building is notably larger than the current built form on site, given its location, it would not harm the open character of the adjacent MGB or erode its function.



Fig 7: Extract from submitted soft landscaping scheme

Sustainability Issues

8.36 Conditions can be attached to ensure that a 19% reduction in CO2 emissions over 2013 Building Regulations is achieved and mains water consumption would meet a target of 110 litres or less per head per day.

Other Matters

8.37 The site is not located in any designated flood risk area. The applicants have submitted a Surface Water and SuDS Assessment which is based on a desktop study of underlying ground conditions. It is likely that infiltration of surface water runoff following redevelopment may be feasible. The parking area will incorporate permeable paving which will provide capacity for surface water runoff from hardstanding areas in up to the 1 in 100 years plus 40% climate change event. This can be secured through a condition.

- 8.38 Representations have raised concern that construction works will be disruptive and large vehicles could cause damage to the highway. Whilst the details submitted to date might well be acceptable, it would be prudent to condition a Construction Logistics Plan to be approved, as appointed contractors may have an alternative approach to construction methods and the condition ensures that the LPA maintains control to ensure the development progresses in an acceptable manner.
- 8.39 Representations have been made in respect to a lack of affordable homes being provided at the site, however the scheme is for nine units and as such is under the threshold where the provision for affordable homes would be required.
- 8.40 Representations have raised concerns that local schools and other services will be unable to cope with additional families moving into the area. The development will be liable for a charge under the Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL). This payment will contribute to delivering infrastructure to support the development of the area, such as local schools.

Conclusions

- 8.41 The principle of development is acceptable within this area. The design of the scheme is of an acceptable standard given the proposed and conditioned landscape and subject to the provision of suitable conditions the scheme is acceptable in relation to residential amenity, transport, sustainable and ecological matters. Thus the proposal is considered in general accordance with the relevant polices.
- 8.42 All other relevant policies and considerations, including equalities, have been taken into account.